





# **T4 RNA Ligase 1**

### **User's Instruction**

# **Description**

T4 RNA Ligase 1 is a ligation enzyme for catalyzing the ligation of a 5' phosphoryl-terminated nucleic acid donor to a 3' hydroxyl-terminated nucleic acid acceptor through the formation of a  $3' \rightarrow 5'$  phosphodiester bond. This enzyme requires ATP for activity. Substrates include single-stranded RNA and DNA as well as dinucleoside pyrophosphates.

#### **Kit Contents**

	1 KU
1. T4 RNA Ligase 1 (10 U/μl)	100 µl
2. 10×T4 RNA Ligase Buffer	250 μΙ
3. 10mM ATP	100 μΙ
4. 50% PEG 8000	500 µl

<sup>\*1 ×</sup> T4 RNA Ligase Buffer: 50mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 10mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 1mM DTT.

# **Applications**

- Joining single-stranded RNA or DNA fragments
- Labeling of 3'-termini of RNA with 5'-[32P] pCp
- Inter- and intramolecular joining of RNA and DNA molecules
- Synthesis of single-stranded oligodeoxyribo-nucleotides
- Incorporation of unnatural amino acids into proteins

#### **Unit Definition**

One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme that converts 1 nmole of 5´-[32P]rA16 into a phosphatase-resistant form in 30 min at 37°C.







#### **Protocol**

# Joining single-stranded RNA or DNA fragments

1. Set up the reaction as the following table (take 20 µl per well as an example):

Reagent	Volume
RNA or ssDNA	0.2-2 pmol
10×T4 RNA Ligase Buffer	2 μΙ
50% PEG 8000	5~10% (wt/vol)
T4 RNA Ligase1 (10 U/μl)	1 µl
10mM ATP	2 μΙ
ddH₂O	Up to 20 μl

- 2. The reaction time is 30-60 min at 37°C, or 1-2 h at 25°C.
- 3. Terminate the reaction at 65°C for 15 min.

### **RNA** cyclization

1. Set up the reaction as the following table (take 20 µl per well as an example):

Reagent	Volume
RNA	10 μΜ
10×T4 RNA Ligase Buffer	2 μΙ
50% PEG 8000	5~10% (wt/vol)
T4 RNA Ligase1 (10 U/μl)	1 μΙ
ATP	20-50 μM
RNase Inhibitor	0.5 µl
ddH₂O	Up to 20 μl

- 2. The reaction time is 30-60 min at 37°C, or 1-2 h at 25°C.
- 3. Terminate the reaction at 65°C for 15 min.







# **Storage**

Minimum shelf life is 3 years under -20°C.

### **Additional Notes**

- 5 '- phosphorylation or preadenylation is required for the binding of ssDNA and ssRNA.
- The enzyme can not ligate double-stranded DNA or RNA.
- Adding final concentration of 5-10% PEG 8000 or increasing incubation time can improve the ligation efficiency.